



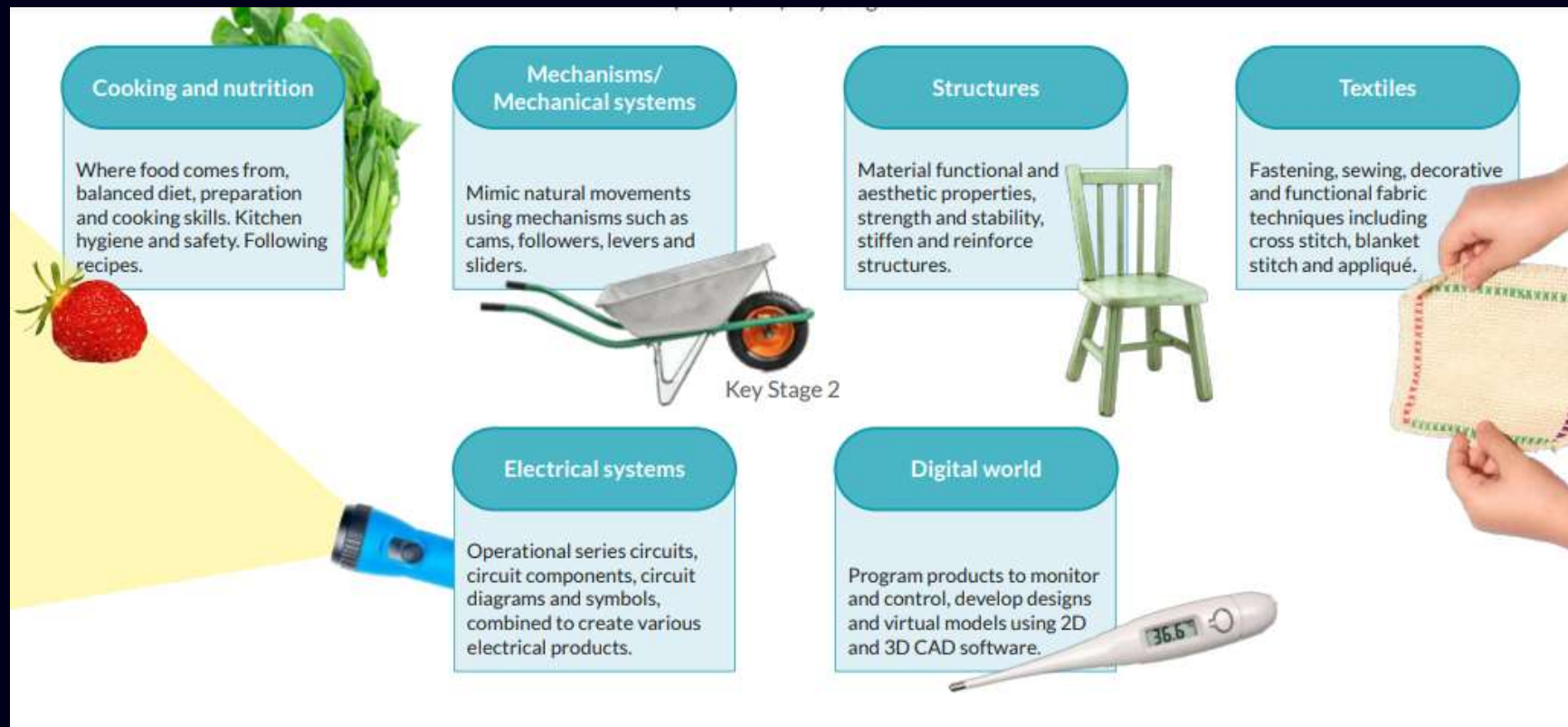
Design and Technology Curriculum

Compassion, Self-Awareness, Aspiration, Commitment, Resilience and
Integrity

Design and Technology Curriculum:

There are knowledge and skills developed in the DT curriculum Scheme of Work and are covered in the following areas:

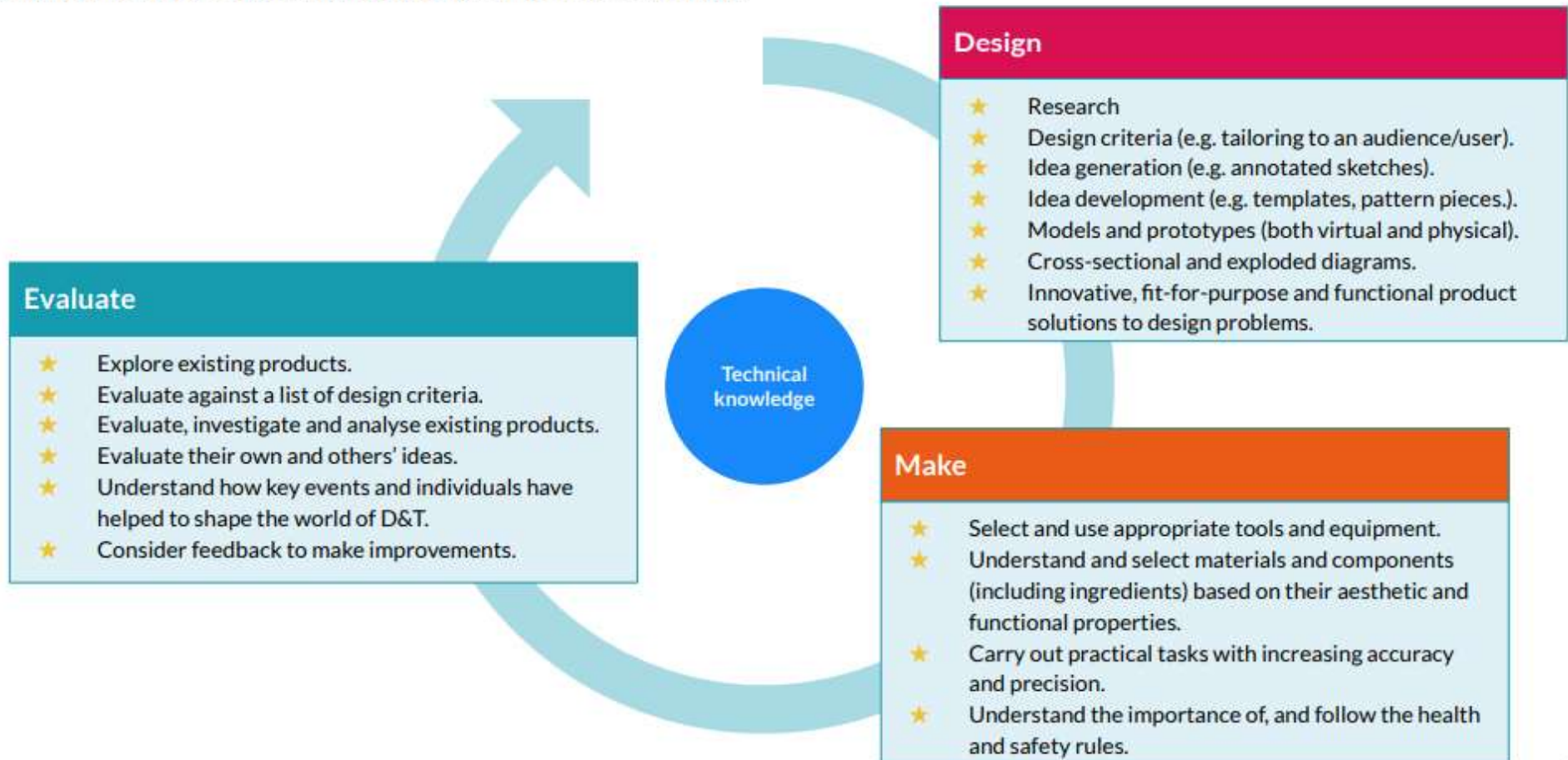
- Cooking and Nutrition
- Textiles
- Structures
- Mechanical Systems
- Electrical Systems
- Digital World



Within each key area, the development of core skills (design, make, evaluate) and technical knowledge is detailed to ensure that progression is logical, achievable and measurable.

The Design Process:

The Design and technology National Curriculum outlines the three main stages of the design process: design, make and evaluate. Each Kapow Primary follows these stages, to form a full project. Each stage of the design process is underpinned by technical knowledge which encompasses the contextual, historical and technical understanding, required for each strand.



Reception		
Autumn two	Spring two	Summer two
Unit: Junk modelling	Unit: Soup	Unit: Bookmarks
Structures	Cooking and nutrition	Textiles
To take inspiration from designers throughout history. David Edgar	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Jamie Oliver	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Stella McCartney
L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.
L.O: To explore and investigate the tools and materials in junk modelling area.	L.O: To explore fruits and vegetables and the differences between them.	L.O: To develop threading and weaving skills.
L.O: To investigate cutting different materials.	L.O: To explore a pumpkin and describe it using the five senses.	L.O. To practise and apply weaving skills to a specific material e.g. paper
L.O: To learn how to plan and select the correct resources needed to make a model.	L.O: To design a fruit and vegetable soup recipe.	L.O: To practise and apply threading skills with specific materials e.g. hessian and wool
L.O: To verbally plan and create a junk model.	L.O: To learn how the use a knife safely.	L.O: To use threading or sewing to design a product (bookmark).
L.O: To share a finished model and talk about the processes in its creation.	L.O: To safely use tools to prepare ingredients.	L.O: To create a textiles product (bookmark) following their own design.
L.O: To explore different ways to temporarily join materials together.	L.O: To design food packaging.	L.O: To reflect with children on how they have achieved their aims.

Year One		
Autumn two	Spring one	Spring two
Unit: making a moving story book	Unit: Puppets	Unit: Smoothies
Mechanisms	Textiles	Food and nutrition
To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Karl Benz	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Bil Baird	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Richard Reed
L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.
L.O: To explore making mechanisms.	L.O. To explore a range of puppets.	L.O: To identify fruits and vegetables.
L.O To make a moving mechanism.	L.O: To join fabrics together using different methods (pinning, stapling, gluing).	L.O: To describe where fruits and vegetables grow.
L.O: To design a moving storybook for a target audience.	L.O: To use a template to create my design.	L.O: To practise food preparation skills and evaluate the tastes of different fruits and vegetables.
L.O: To construct a moving picture.	L.O: To join two fabrics together accurately (pinning, stapling, gluing)	L.O: To select ingredients for a recipe based on food tasting.
L.O: To evaluate my finished product.	L.O: To embellish my design using joining methods.	L.O: To apply food preparation skills to a recipe.
L.O To explore and evaluate how wheels move. <i>Create a simple version of a wheel mechanism including an axle, wheel and axle holder.</i>	L.O. To evaluate my puppet against a design criteria.	L.O: To evaluate recipe against the design brief.

Year Two		
Autumn two	Summer one	Summer two
Unit: Pouches	Unit: Balanced diet	Unit: Baby bear's chair
Textiles	Cooking and nutrition	Structures
To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Anne Kelly	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Bill Granger	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Charles and Ray Eames
L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.
L.O: To sew a running stitch.	L.O: To recognise foods and their food groups.	L.O: To explore the features of chairs.
L.O: To design a pouch using a template and design criteria. <i>Produce a class design brief.</i>	L.O: To identify the balance of food groups in a meal.	L.O: To explore the concept and features of structures and the stability of different shapes.
L.O: To sew a running stitch using a template attached with pins.	L.O: To identify an appropriate piece of equipment to prepare a given food.	L.O: To create a class design criteria to build a strong structure using paper.
L.O: To join fabrics using a running stitch.	L.O: To select balanced combinations of ingredients.	L.O: To make a structure according to design criteria.
L.O: To decorate a pouch using fabric glue or stitching.	L.O: To design based on criteria.	L.O: To produce a finished structure focusing on strength, stiffness and stability.
L.O: To evaluate design against class design brief.	L.O: To evaluate a dish based on design criteria.	L.O: To evaluate a finished structure and evaluate its strength, stiffness and stability.

Year Three		
Autumn one	Spring one	Spring two
Unit: cushions	Unit: Constructing a castle	Unit: Wearable technology
Textiles	Structures	Digital world
To take inspiration from designers throughout history. William Morris	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Antoni Gaudi	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Louis Vuitton
L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.
L.O: To join fabrics using a cross-stitch and learn how to sew appliqué.	L.O: To explore the key features of a castle.	L.O: To research and evaluate existing products.
L.O: To create a class design criteria and produce a design brief.	L.O: To recognise how multiple shapes (2D and 3D) are combined to form a strong and stable structure.	L.O: To develop design criteria.
L.O: To design a product and its template.	L.O: To design a castle that follows a design brief.	L.O: To use code to program and control a product.
L.O: To decorate fabric using appliqué and cross-stitch.	L.O: To construct 3D nets by accurately cutting, folding and sticking.	L.O: To develop and communicate ideas.
L.O: To assemble and complete a cushion.	L.O: To construct a castle that follows a design brief.	L.O: To develop ideas through computer-aided design.
L.O: To evaluate a cushion against a design criteria.	L.O: To evaluate a castle against a design brief.	L.O: To improve a design based on feedback.

Year Four		
Autumn two	Spring one	Spring two
Unit: Adapting a recipe	Unit: Making a slingshot car	Unit: Torches
Cooking and nutrition	Mechanical systems	Electrical systems
To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Mary Berry	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Henry Ford	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. David Misell
L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.
L.O: To explore and evaluate a range of existing biscuit products.	L.O: To build a car chassis by following a set of instructions.	L.O: To explore electrical items and how they work.
L.O: To prepare and cook a dish.	L.O: To design a shape that reduces air resistance.	L.O: To analyse and evaluate electrical products (torches) and understand how they work.
L.O: To select ingredients and follow a budget.	L.O: To make a car model based on a chosen design brief.	L.O: To explore different target audiences and create a design brief.
L.O: To take inspiration from existing products.	L.O: To assemble a moving car using joining techniques.	L.O: To design a product to fit a set of specific user needs.
L.O: To make and test a prototype biscuit.	L.O: To assemble and test my completed product.	L.O: To make a torch that uses a working circuit and switch.
L.O: To evaluate a final product.	L.O: To evaluate my car against a design criteria.	L.O: To make and evaluate a torch against a design criteria.

Year Five		
Autumn two	Summer one	Summer two
Unit: Bridges	Unit: Doodlers	Unit: Developing a recipe
Structures	Electronic systems	Food and nutrition
To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Willian Howe	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Don Lewis	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Jamie Oliver
L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.
L.O: To investigate structures by looking at different bridges.	L.O: To understand how motors are used in electrical products.	L.O: To understand how ingredients are reared and processed.
L.O: To explore how to reinforce a beam (structure) to improve its strength.	L.O: To investigate an existing product to determine the factors that affect the product's form and function.	L.O: To make adaptations to design a recipe.
L.O: To build a spaghetti truss bridge.	L.O: To apply the findings from research to develop a unique product.	L.O: To evaluate nutritional content.
L.O: To design a truss bridge that follows a design criteria.	L.O: To design a doodler for a specific user.	L.O: To practise food preparation skills.
L.O: To build a wooden truss bridge.	L.O: To make a doodler based on design criteria.	L.O: To design a product label.
L.O: To complete, reinforce and evaluate my truss bridge.	L.O: To develop a DIY kit for another individual to assemble their product.	L.O: To follow and make an adapted recipe.

Year Six		
Autumn one	Spring one	Spring two
Unit: Automata toys	Unit: Come dine with me	Unit: Navigating the world
Mechanical systems	Food and nutrition	Digital word
To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Pierre Jaquet-Droz	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Lorraine Pascal	To take inspiration from designers throughout history. Roger L. Easton
L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.	L.O: To explain how key events and individuals in design and technology helped shape the world.
L.O: To investigate different camshafts and toys that have cam mechanisms.	L.O: To explain the use of complementary flavours.	L.O: To write a design brief and criteria based on a client request.
L.O: To create design criteria to meet a user's needs.	L.O: To research and design a three-course meal.	L.O: To write a program to include multiple functions as part of a navigation device.
L.O: To cut wood accurately so that it is ready for assembly.	L.O: To explain recipe choices.	L.O: To develop a sustainable product concept.
L.O: To use an exploded diagram to assemble the automata frame.	L.O: To apply culinary skills and knowledge.	L.O: To develop 3D CAD skills to produce a virtual model.
L.O: To explore the relationship between cam profiles and follower movements, to inform a design decision.	L.O: To apply culinary skills and knowledge.	L.O: To present a pitch to 'sell' the product to a specified client.
L.O: To make an automata frame and evaluate it against the design criteria.	L.O: To apply culinary skills and knowledge.	LO: To evaluate the sustainable product against the design criteria.

